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### WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE Regular Session, 200]

# **ENROLLED**

### SENATE BILL NO. 268

(By Senators Bowman, Bailey & Minear)

PASSED \_\_\_\_\_ March 30, 2001\_\_\_

In Effect July 1, 2001 Passage

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OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

### ENROLLED Senate Bill No. 268

(By Senators Bowman, Bailey and Minear)

[Passed March 30, 2001; to take effect July 1, 2001.]

AN ACT to repeal article thirty-three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend chapter sixteen of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-eight, relating to the tattoo studio business.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article thirty-three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that chapter sixteen of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-eight, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 38. TATTOO STUDIO BUSINESS.

#### §16-38-1. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Adequate ventilation" means a free and unre-2 stricted circulation of fresh air throughout the tattoo
- 3 studio and the expulsion of foul or stagnant air.

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4 (b) "Minor" means any person under the age of eighteen AINIDRIV T25 Vyears. AINID 32 AINID 32

6 (c) "Tattoo" means to mark or color the skin by pricking
7 in coloring matter so as to form indelible marks or figures
8 or by the production of scars.

9 (d) "Tattoo studio" means any room or space where 10 tattooing is practiced or where the business of tattooing or 11 any part thereof is conducted.

(e) "Antibacterial solution" means any solution used to
retard the growth of bacteria approved for application to
human skin and includes all products so labeled.

(f) "Germicidal solution" means any solution whichdestroys germs and is so labeled.

(g) "Sterilization" means holding in an autoclave for
twenty-five minutes at fifteen pounds pressure at a
temperature of two hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit or
one hundred twenty-one degrees Celsius.

### §16-38-2. Studio sanitation.

1 (a) The tattoo artist's hands shall be washed and then air 2 blown or dried by single-use towel prior to beginning work 3 on each person or when interrupted in the process of working on a person. In addition, disposable latex exami-4 nation gloves shall be worn by the tattoo artist during the 5 6 tattooing process. The gloves shall be changed and properly disposed of each time there is an interruption in 7 the application of the tattoo, each time the gloves become 8 torn or punctured or whenever the ability of the gloves to 9 10 function as a barrier is compromised.

(b) Cabinets for the storage of instruments, dyes,
pigments, single-use articles, carbon, stencils and other
utensils shall be provided for each operator and shall be
maintained in a sanitary manner.

(c) Bulk single use articles shall be commercially
packaged and handled in such a way as to protect them
from contamination. Storage of single-use articles may
not be in toilet rooms or in vestibules of toilet rooms nor
under nonpotable water lines or exposed sewer lines.

20(d) Work tables and chairs or benches shall be provided for each tattoo artist. The surface of all work tables and 21 chairs or benches shall be constructed of material which is 22 smooth, light colored, nonabsorbent, corrosive-resistant 23 24 and easily sanitized. The work tables and chairs or benches shall be sanitized with a germicidal solution after 25each tattoo application. All existing tattoo studios on the 26 27effective date of the administrative regulation shall be exempt from the required color of the work table. 28

(e) All materials applied to human skin shall be from
single-use articles or transferred from bulk containers to
single-use containers and shall be disposed of after each
use.

(f) No pets, including working dogs, guide dogs or
security dogs from a certified trainer, may be permitted in
a tattoo studio workroom as defined in subsection (b),
section four of this article.

#### §16-38-3. Operation standards.

1 (a) *Records*. –

2 (1) Proper records of tattoos administered shall be
3 maintained for each patron by the holder of the studio
4 registration;

5 (2) A record shall be prepared for each patron prior to 6 any procedure being performed and shall include the 7 patron's name and signature, address, age, date tattooed, 8 design of the tattoo, location of the tattoo on the patron's 9 body and the name of the tattoo artist who performed the 10 work;

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(3) Record entries shall be in ink or indelible pencil and
shall be available for examination by the inspecting
authorities provided in section six of this article;

(4) Before tattoo administration, the owner or tattoo
artist shall discuss with the patron the risks involved in
the tattoorequested and the possible complications, which
shall be entered in the record;

(5) All records required by this section shall be kept onfile for five years by the holder of the studio registrationfor the studio in which the tattoo was performed.

21 (b) Consent. –

(1) Prior written consent for tattooing of minors shall beobtained from one parent or guardian;

(2) All written consents shall be kept on file for five
years by the holder of the studio registration for the tattoo
studio in which the tattoo was performed;

(3) The person receiving the tattoo shall attest to the fact
that he or she is not intoxicated or under the influence of
drugs or alcohol.

30 (c) Tattooing procedures. –

(1) Printed instructions on the care of the skin after
tattooing shall be given to each patron as a precaution to
prevent infection;

34 (2) A copy of the printed instructions shall be posted in
35 a conspicuous place, clearly visible to the person being
36 tattooed;

37 (3) Each tattoo artist shall wear a clean outer garment,38 i.e., apron, smock, T-shirt, etc.;

(4) Tattoo artists who are experiencing diarrhea,
vomiting, fever, rash, productive cough, jaundice, draining
or open skin infections such as boils which could be
indicative of more serious conditions such as, but not

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limited to, impetigo, scabies, hepatitis-b, HIV or AIDS
shall refrain from tattooing activities until such time as
they are no longer experiencing or exhibiting the aforementioned symptoms;

47 (5) Before working on each patron, the fingernails and
48 hands of the tattoo artist shall be thoroughly washed and
49 scrubbed with hot running water, antibacterial soap and
50 an individual hand brush that is clean and in good repair;

(6) The tattoo artist's hands shall be air blown dried or
dried by a single-use towel. In addition, disposable latex
examination gloves shall be worn during the tattoo
process. The gloves shall be changed each time there is an
interruption in the tattoo application, the gloves become
torn or punctured or whenever their ability to function as
a barrier is compromised;

58 (7) Only sterilized or single-use, disposable razors shall59 be used to shave the area to be tattooed;

60 (8) Immediately prior to beginning the tattoo procedure,
61 the affected skin area shall be treated with an antibacte62 rial solution;

63 (9) If an acetate stencil is used by a tattoo artist for
64 transferring the design to the skin, the acetate stencil shall
65 be thoroughly cleaned and rinsed in a germicidal solution
66 for at least twenty minutes and then dried with sterile
67 gauze or dried in the air on a sanitized surface after each
68 use;

(10) If a paper stencil is used by a tattoo artist for
transferring the design to the skin, the paper stencil shall
be single-use and disposable;

(11) If the design is drawn directly onto the skin, thedesign shall be applied with a single-use article only.

74 (d) Dyes or pigments. –

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(1) Only nontoxic sterile dyes or pigments shall be used
and shall be prepared in sterilized or disposable single-use
containers for each patron;

(2) After tattooing, the unused dye or pigment in thesingle-use containers shall be discarded along with thecontainer;

(3) All dyes or pigments used in tattooing shall be from
professional suppliers specifically providing dyes or
pigments for the tattooing of human skin.

84 (e) Sterilization of needles. –

(1) A set of individual, sterilized needles shall be usedfor each patron;

(2) No less than twenty-four sets of sterilized needles
and tubes shall be on hand for the entire day or night
operation. Unused sterilized instruments shall be
resterilized at intervals of no more than six months from
the date of the last sterilization;

92 (3) Used, nondisposable instruments shall be kept in a
93 separate, puncture resistant container until brush
94 scrubbed in hot water and soap and then sterilized by
95 autoclaving;

96 (4) If used instruments are ultrasonically cleaned prior 97 to being placed in the used instrument container, they 98 shall be ultrasonically cleaned and then rinsed under 99 running hot water prior to being placed in the used 100 instrument container;

(5) The ultrasonic unit shall be sanitized daily with agermicidal solution;

(6) If used instruments are not ultrasonically cleaned
prior to being placed in the used instrument container,
they shall be kept in a germicidal or soap solution until
brush scrubbed in hot water and soap and then sterilized
by autoclaving;

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108 (7) All nondisposable instruments, including the needle 109 tubes, shall be sterilized and shall be handled and stored 110 in such a manner as to prevent contamination. Instruments to be sterilized shall be sealed in bags made specifi-111 112 cally for the purpose of autoclave sterilization and shall include the date of sterilization. If nontransparent steril-113 114 ization bags are utilized, the bag shall also list the con-115 tents:

(8) Autoclave sterilization bags, with a color code
indicator which changes color upon proper steam sterilization, shall be utilized during the autoclave sterilization
process;

(9) Instruments shall be placed in the autoclave in sucha manner as to allow live steam to circulate around them;

(10) No rusty, defective or faulty instruments shall bekept in the studio.

124 (f) Aftercare of tattoo. –

125 The completed tattoo shall be washed with a single-use126 towel saturated with an antibacterial solution.

#### §16-38-4. Facilities and equipment.

1 (a) General physical environment. –

2 (1) Tattoo studios shall have at least fifty footcandles of

3 light and adequate ventilation. Walls and ceilings shall be4 painted a light color;

5 (2) The floor of the tattoo workroom shall be con-6 structed of impervious material. The floor shall be swept 7 and wet-mopped daily. Floors, walls or ceilings shall not 8 be swept or cleaned while tattooing is in operation;

9 (3) Convenient, clean and sanitary toilet and 10 hand-washing facilities shall be made accessible to 11 customers; (4) The building and equipment shall be maintained ina state of good repair at all times. The studio premisesshall be kept clean, neat and free of litter and rubbish.

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15 (b) Workroom. –

(1) Each tattoo studio shall have a workroom separate
from a waiting room or any room or rooms used for any
other purpose. The workroom may not be used as a
corridor for access to other rooms. Patrons or customers
shall be tattooed only in the workroom;

(2) The workroom shall be equipped with hot and cold
running water, with one sink or basin per artist operating
at the same time;

(3) The sinks and basins shall be for the exclusive use of
the tattoo artists for washing their hands and preparing
customers for tattooing. They shall be equipped with foot,
wrist or single-lever action controls, soap, a germicidal
solution, single-use towels and individual hand brushes
clean and in good repair for each tattoo artist. All plumbing shall be in compliance with industry standards;

31 (4) Persons may not consume any food or drink nor32 smoke in the workroom.

### §16-38-5. Disposal of waste.

- 1 The tattoo studio operator shall comply with rules
- 2 promulgated by the commissioner of the bureau of public
- 3 health regarding the disposal of medical wastes.

### §16-38-6. Registration requirements; inspections by local or regional boards of health; permit fees.

- 1 (a) Tattoo studios in West Virginia shall obtain a West
- 2 Virginia business registration certificate and shall register
- 3 with their local or regional board of health.
- 4 (b) Each local or regional board of health shall conduct 5 annual inspections of each tattoo studio to determine

compliance with this article. Every person, firm or 6 corporation operating a tattoo studio in West Virginia 7 shall apply to their local or regional board of health for the 8 inspection. The local or regional boards of health shall 9 attempt to conduct the inspections within ten days of the 10 receipt of the request for inspection: *Provided*. That if it 11 is impracticable for the local or regional board of health to 1213 conduct the investigation within ten days after receiving the application, the boards may issue to the applicant a 14 15 temporary operating permit which shall be valid for thirty days or until a regular inspection is made, whichever 16 17 occurs first.

18 (c) Upon a determination by the inspecting authority 19 that any tattoo studio is not in compliance with the 20 provisions of this article, the inspection authority shall 21 have the power to order the tattoo studio to cease opera-22 tions until a time as the inspecting authority determines 23 that the studio is in compliance.

(d) Upon a determination by the inspecting authority
that the tattoo studio is in compliance with the provisions
of this article, there shall be issued to the studio an
operating permit that shall be posted in a conspicuous
place, clearly visible to the general public.

(e) The fee for the issuance of an operating permit issued
pursuant to this article shall be two hundred dollars and
shall be paid by the tattoo studio receiving the permit.
The fee shall be collected by and paid to the local or
regional boards of health.

#### §16-38-7. Violations and penalties.

1 Any owner of a tattoo studio who does not obtain a West

2 Virginia business registration certificate, who does not

3 register with their local or regional board of health or who

4 fails to request an inspection pursuant to section six of this

5 article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon convic-

6 tion thereof, for a first offense, may have all of the tattoo

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equipment and paraphernalia confiscated and shall be 7 fined one hundred dollars. For a second offense, which is 8 a misdemeanor, the owner may have all of the tattoo 9 equipment and paraphernalia confiscated and shall be 10 11 fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars or confined in a county or regional jail 12not less than ten days nor more than one year, or both 13fined and imprisoned. For a third offense, which is a 14 misdemeanor, the owner shall have all the tattoo equip-15 ment and paraphernalia confiscated, shall be fined not less 16 than one thousand dollars nor more than five thousand 17dollars, or confined in a county or regional jail not less 18 than thirty days nor more than one year, or both fined and 19 20imprisoned.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee Chairman House Committee Originated in the Senate. Takes effect July 1, 2001. Clerk of the Senate Clerk of the House of Delegates President of the Senate A.S. ..... Speaker House of Delegates pprove ( The within, ..... this the.... ρu





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